

# CYBER SECURITY INCIDENT RESPONSE HANDLING CHECKLIST

THIS CHECKLIST COVERS THE NECESSARY STEPS FOR THE INCIDENT RESPONSE  
PROCEDURES AND HANDLING OF AN INCIDENT.

## PREPARATION



- Ensure good behaviour in systems and applications
  - Understand the normal behaviours of networks, systems, and applications
  - Identify precursors and indicators through alerts
  - Create a log retention policy
  - Establish a baseline level for logging and auditing
  - Use and maintain a knowledge database of normal operation and incident handling steps
  - Keep all host clocks synchronised
- Enhance data protection
  - Identify and protect sensitive data
  - Safeguard incident data
  - Obtain file system backups and system snapshots
- Prepare handling and recovery plan
  - Acquire tools and resources
  - Include requirements of incident reporting in incident response policy
  - Follow established evidence gathering and handling procedures
  - Establish incident reporting mechanisms
  - Maintain an updated list of contact information
  - Ensure the ability to capture volatile data from systems as evidence
  - Perform incident response drills for the plan
  - Review and update the plan regularly

## POST-INCIDENT ACTIONS



- Create a follow-up report including details of the cause, cost of the incident, and the enhancement measures
- Conduct a lessons learned meeting
  - Collect views from different stakeholders
  - Work out an improvement plan

## DETECTION AND ANALYSIS



- Determine whether an incident has occurred
  - Analyse the precursors and indicators
  - Perform event correlation and research
  - Document the investigation and gather the evidence
- Prioritise the handling of the incident
- Report the incident to the appropriate internal personnel and external parties

## CONTAINMENT, ERADICATION AND RECOVERY



- Collect evidence
  - Acquire, preserve, secure, and document evidence
- Contain the incident
  - Isolate affected hosts from network
- Eradicate the incident
  - Identify and mitigate exploited vulnerabilities
  - Remove malware, inappropriate materials, and other components
  - Repeat the "Detection and Analysis" steps to identify all other affected systems, then contain and eradicate the incident
- Recover from the incident
  - Resume affected systems to an operationally ready state
  - Confirm that the affected systems are functioning normally
  - Implement additional monitoring measures if necessary

